

THE RESEARCH PAPER

Research Paper

- Based on sources, usually books or articles that you have read on a particular topic.
- It is a paper with a point of view that responds to specific questions that you, the writer, have generated.
- It is a paper in which you, yourself, draw conclusions and make inferences.
- **NOT** merely a reporting of what you have learned.

Understanding a Topic	A research paper is not a summary of information. A research paper enhances a reader's understanding of a particular topic by offering analysis, argument, and interpretation of sources. A research paper says not only "I found it!" but "Here's what it means."
Creating a Topic	One-sided topics like "The History of the Tank," "The Advantages of Dentistry," or "The Development of Feminism." are usually well researched in encyclopedias, history books, and elsewhere. They require you only to compile the known facts. To create a topic, think about one that will allow you to consider the evidence, reach conclusions, and change such topics into two-sided questions. For example: "Are Tanks Essential to Modern Warfare?" What are the Advantages and Disadvantages of Dentistry?" "Do Women Still Face Job Discrimination Today?"
Engaged with a Topic	At the beginning of your research paper, it is helpful to present some evidences of your engagement with the topic. Unless you were given a particular assignment, you are writing about something because you chose the topic yourself. Why? What interest you about this topic? What is the context for your report?
Evolve through Questions	A research paper begins with questions to focus a topic, take notes, or formulate a point of view. There are two kinds of questions: a question that requires you to find information, and a question that invites you to draw inferences from source material. A research paper needs to evolve from questions that invite you to draw inferences.
Synthesis and Analysis	A research paper needs to combine synthesis (pulling together information from various sources) with analysis (enhancing these sources by your own interpretation). When you plan your paper, consider what parts are synthesis and what parts are analysis. Students often weigh their papers heavily in the area of synthesis and neglect analysis.
Quotations as Support	When you quote from primary or secondary sources, be sure that you are quoting for a reason, not because you want someone else to write your paper for you. If all the quotations were removed from your paper, your assertions should still be evident and the sense of your paper should remain the same. Quotations may support your own conclusion, but they should not state these conclusions. You should do that.

Some Research Topics to Consider

Source: University of Illinois Online Library

Abortion Endangered species Nuclear energy Abortion Occultism Energy Acid rain **Ethics** Oil spills Acquaintance rape Family relationships Online retail Family values Outsourcing Active shooters Partisan politics Female genital mutilation Adoption Affirmative Action programs Feminism Pesticides

AIDS Fracking Physical attraction

Airline safety, security

Alternative fuel/hybrid vehicles

Animal rights

Freedom of religion

Freedom of speech

Freedom of speech

Police brutality

Political correctness

Assisted suicide Gang identity Pollution

Attention deficit disorder Gay parenting Population control

Battered woman syndrome Gay pride Portrayal of women

Bioterrorism Gay, lesbian, bisexual, or Poverty

Birth control and Pregnancy transgender Prayer in schools

Body image Gene Therapy

Campus violence
Capital punishment

Gene Therapy
Genetic screening
Genetic screening
Race relations

Charter schools Radioactive waste disposal

Child abuse
Child rearing
Child rearing
China Emissions

Global warming
Greenhouse effect
Gun control
Recycling
Refugee crisis

Civil rights Hacking Reverse discrimination

College admission policies

Hate crimes

College athletes

Hazing

Home schooling

Conservation

Homeland Security

Schizophrenia

September 11th

Sex crimes

Sex education

Copyright Law

Copyright Law

Homelessness

Human Embryo Genome Editing

Copyright Law

Sexual harassment

Criminal psychology

Smog

Identity theft

Cults Social Security Reform
Illegal aliens

Cultural expectations and practices

Cybersecurity

Integrit anchs

Soil pollution

Sports

Deforestation Impeachment Standardized tests
Depression Intelligence tests Stereotypes
Discrimination Substance abuse

Discrimination in education

Distance education

Distance education

Divorce rates

Interracial marriage

Suffrage

Suicide

Landfills

Sweatshop

Divorce rates

Domestic abuse

Dreams

Drinking age, legal

Literacy in America
Marine pollution

Sweatshops
Television violence
Terrorist violence
Three Strikes Law

Drug legalization

Eating disorders

Marriage and Divorce
Materialism

Transgender athletes
Violence and Rape

E-business Media bias Welfare Medicaid, Medicare reform

Education and funding

Emigration

Memory

White collar crime

Wildlife conservation

Employee rights No Child Left Behind Zika Virus