

INTRODUCTION

Begin your introduction by keeping your audience in mind. Catch the reader's attention and keep the reader's interest with a "hook" in the introduction.The introduction *usually* contains your thesis which is the last sentence of your introduction (this may vary).

Tips on how to begin your introduction:	• Tell an anecdote (story) a personal example
	• Begin with a question
	• Present the problem
	• Give a short history of the topic
	• Begin with a quotation
Introduction should inform the reader about three points:	• What is this?
	• Why am I reading it?
	• What do you want me to do?

Answer these questions by:

- **1. Giving background**—provide general information about the main idea, explain what is happening, so the reader can understand the topic about which you are writing.
- 2. Explaining the importance of the main idea—inform the reader about why he/she should keep reading the essay. Make sure the essay is interesting to read, is clear, and is so persuasive that the reader wants to continue to read.
- **3. Stating the thesis**—the thesis should be one sentence that explains the position that is supported in the essay with *logos* (give good reasons), *pathos* (appeal to the reader's emotions), and *ethos* (be credible).