

CONCLUSION

What makes a good conclusion?

- An effective ending, or conclusion, is essential for your paper's success.
- A conclusion will put your ideas in perspective, allow your readers to re-focus on your main idea, and perhaps even stimulate your readers to follow you in your belief or opinion.
- A conclusion should satisfy your readers and give them a feeling of completeness.

Note: Pre-write about your introduction and body paragraphs, re-read what you have written, then ask yourself: "So what?" Your response can lead you to the powerful conclusion you are seeking.

Suggestions to consider when crafting your conclusion:

"My subject is important because" Write down your answer. In your
conclusion, you can then stress the importance of your subject.
Try to paraphrase the main idea from your introduction and match the
introduction to the conclusion to envelop the body of your paper.
If you have written a long paper, you may want to summarize the main points of
the paper in your conclusion along with paraphrasing your main idea.
End your paper with an anecdote or story to show the implications of the ideas you
presented. You can conclude by asking one or more questions to force them to
continue thinking about the issues.
If your paper describes or exposes a problem, you may want to offer a solution in
the conclusion of your paper.
You may choose to end your paper with an appropriate quote from an authority
on your subject. This can be one way to give your paper and your conclusion greater
significance.
If upon further exploration, your subject may lead to frightening or disgusting
discoveries, you may want to use your conclusion as a place to warn your readers
of what could be in store for them.
If you feel strongly about your subject and you want to enlist the help of your
readers to fight for a cause , you might conclude your paper by challenging your
readers to do or to believe something.

The information in this handout is borrowed from Chabot College WRAC Center.